## IN THE CLAIMS

1. (Currently Amended) A wireless communication system comprising:

a plurality of base stations, each configured to transmit a PN encoded pilot signal at a different time offset than other base stations; and

at least one remote unit configured to perform a coarse search of a PN space and to use the results of the coarse search to select fine search parameters for use in a second search of selected portions of PN space;

wherein the coarse search comprises coarse search parameters selected by dividing a PN space into segments, selecting a number of noncoherent passes from a range of noncoherent passes, and selecting an integration interval from a plurality of predetermined integration intervals.

- 2. (Previously Presented) The wireless communication system of Claim 1 wherein during the coarse search, the number of non-coherent passes is reduced in comparison with the second search.
- 3. (Previously Presented) The wireless communication system of Claim 1 wherein during the coarse search, the integration interval is reduced in comparison with the fine search.
- 4. (Currently Amended) The wireless communication system of Claim 1 A wireless communication system comprising:

a plurality of base stations, each configured to transmit a PN encoded pilot signal at a different time offset than other base stations; and

at least one remote unit configured to perform a coarse search of a PN space and to use the results of the coarse search to select fine search parameters for use in a second search of selected portions of PN space;

wherein the coarse search comprises coarse search parameters selected by dividing a PN space into segments, selecting a number of noncoherent passes, and selecting an integration interval; and

wherein if, during the coarse search, sufficient energy is detected at a first offset corresponding to a first PN encoded pilot signal of a first base station, a first fine search

parameter is selected to specify an expected range of PN offsets over which the first PN encoded pilot signal is likely to be received.

- 5. (Currently Amended) A remote unit in a wireless communication system comprising:
  - a search engine configured to receive search parameters, conduct a search for signals in the wireless communication system and to output search results;
  - a memory configured to receive and store the search results from the search engine and to output the search results; and
  - a controller configured to pass search parameters to the search engine, and to receive the search results from the memory;

wherein the search engine performs searches using the search parameters passed by the controller, the search parameters comprising:

- a set of coarse search parameters used to search a PN space, wherein the coarse search parameters are selected by dividing a PN space into segments, selecting a number of noncoherent passes from a range of noncoherent passes, and selecting an integration interval from a plurality of predetermined integration intervals; and
- a set of fine search parameters used to search portions of PN space most likely to contain a pilot signal, the likelihood of the space containing a pilot signal being determined by the controller after evaluating results of the coarse search.
- 6. (Previously Presented) The remote unit of Claim 5 wherein the number of non-coherent passes in the set of course search parameters is less than in the set of fine search parameters.
- 7. (Previously Presented) The remote unit of Claim 5 wherein the integration interval in the set of course search parameters is less than in the set of fine search parameters.
- 8. (Currently Amended) A method of initially acquiring a base station by a wireless remote unit, the method comprising:

selecting a set of coarse search parameters, wherein the coarse search parameters are selected by dividing a PN space into segments, selecting a number of noncoherent passes from a range of noncoherent passes, and selecting an integration interval from a plurality of predetermined integration intervals;

conducting a course search of an entire PN space for a pilot signal according to the coarse search parameters;

storing results of the coarse search in a memory;

examining the results of the coarse search stored in memory to select portions of the entire PN space upon which to conduct fine searching according to fine search parameters; and

conducting a fine search of the selected portions of the entire PN space according to the fine search parameters.

- 9. (Previously Presented) The method of Claim 8 wherein the number of non-coherent passes in the course search is less than in the fine search.
- 10. (Previously Presented) The method of Claim 8 wherein the integration interval in the course search is less than in the fine search.
- 11. (Currently Amended) The method of Claim 8 A method of initially acquiring a base station by a wireless remote unit, the method comprising:

selecting a set of coarse search parameters, wherein the coarse search parameters are selected by dividing a PN space into segments, selecting a number of noncoherent passes, and selecting an integration interval;

conducting a course search of an entire PN space for a pilot signal according to the coarse search parameters;

storing results of the coarse search in a memory;

examining the results of the coarse search stored in memory to select portions of the entire PN space upon which to conduct fine searching according to fine search parameters; and

conducting a fine search of the selected portions of the entire PN space according to the fine search parameters, and

wherein if, during the course search, sufficient energy is detected at a first offset corresponding to a first PN encoded pilot signal of a first base station, a first fine search parameter is selected to specify an expected range of PN offsets over which the first PN encoded pilot signal is likely to be received.

- 12. (Original) The method of Claim 11 further comprising storing all measured signal levels identified during the coarse search which exceed a threshold level and a corresponding PN offsets.
- 13. (Currently Amended) A remote unit in a wireless communication system configured to perform a search for a pilot signal, the remote unit comprising:

means for selecting a set of coarse search parameters, wherein the coarse search parameters are selected by dividing a PN space into segments, selecting a number of noncoherent passes from a range of noncoherent passes, and selecting an integration interval from a plurality of predetermined integration intervals;

means for conducting a course search of an entire PN space for a pilot signal according to the coarse search parameters;

means for storing results of the coarse search;

means for examining the stored results of the coarse search to select portions of the entire PN space upon which to conduct fine searching according to fine search parameters; and

means for conducting a fine search of the selected portions of the entire PN space according to the fine search parameters.

14. (Original) A method of selecting search parameters used by a remote unit to search for a pilot signal, the method comprising:

selecting a set of coarse search parameters, the act of selecting comprising: dividing a PN space into equal segments;

selecting a number of noncoherent passes to between one and eight; and selecting an integration interval to be within a range of 0.1 to 0.06 milliseconds; and

evaluating the search results obtained during the coarse search to select a set of fine search parameters concentrated on portions of the PN space that have a higher probability of containing a viable pilot signal than other portions of the PN space.

15. (Currently Amended) A method of searching in a wireless communication system the method comprising:

transmitting a PN encoded pilot signal from a plurality of base stations, each base station configured to transmit said PN encoded pilot signal at a different time offset than other base stations;

performing a coarse search of a PN space by at least one remote unit, wherein the coarse search comprises coarse search parameters selected by dividing a PN space into segments, selecting a number of noncoherent passes from a range of noncoherent passes, and selecting an integration interval from a plurality of predetermined integration intervals; and

selecting fine search parameters in response to results of the search, said fine search parameters for use in a second search of selected portions of PN space.

- 16. (Previously Presented) The method of Claim 15 wherein during the coarse search, the number of non-coherent passes is reduced in comparison with the second search.
- 17. (Previously Presented) The method of Claim 15 wherein during the coarse search, the integration interval is reduced in comparison with the fine search.
- 18. (Currently Amended) The method of Claim 15 A method of searching in a wireless communication system the method comprising:

transmitting a PN encoded pilot signal from a plurality of base stations, each base station configured to transmit said PN encoded pilot signal at a different time offset than other base stations:

performing a coarse search of a PN space by at least one remote unit, wherein the coarse search comprises coarse search parameters selected by dividing a PN space into segments, selecting a number of noncoherent passes, and selecting an integration interval; and

selecting fine search parameters in response to results of the search, said fine search parameters for use in a second search of selected portions of PN space; and

wherein if, during the coarse search, sufficient energy is detected at a first offset corresponding to a first PN encoded pilot signal of a first base station, a first fine search parameter is selected to specify an expected range of PN offsets over which the first PN encoded pilot signal is likely to be received.

19. (Currently Amended) A method of selecting search parameters used by a remote unit to search for a pilot signal, the method comprising:

selecting a set of coarse search parameters, the act of selecting comprising: dividing a PN space into unequal segments;

selecting a number of noncoherent passes from a range of noncoherent passes; and

selecting an integration interval from a plurality of predetermined integration intervals; and

evaluating the search results obtained during the coarse search to select a set of fine search parameters concentrated on portions of the PN space that have a higher probability of containing a viable pilot signal than other portions of the PN space.

- 20. (Previously Presented) The remote unit of claim 5, wherein the segments are equal.
- 21. (Previously Presented) The remote unit of claim 5, wherein the segments are unequal.